

То:	All Florida Pension Clients
From:	Klausner Kaufman Jensen & Levinson
Subject:	New Florida Law Requirement §448.095 - Registration and Use of E-Verify
Date:	January 8, 2021

Effective January 1, 2021, a new law went into effect (see attached copy of Florida Statutes §448.095) with two requirements which are applicable for public retirement plans:

- Public Employers are required to register with and use the free E-Verify system to verify the work authorization status of all newly hired employees; and
- Contracts entered into by Public Employers must contain a provision requiring the parties to use the E-Verify system.

Pursuant to the definition of "Public Employer" in Section 448.095(1)(i), the new law applies to the Pension Fund because it is an entity within the State (or municipal) government that enters into contracts with persons or entities for services in exchange for remuneration. Therefore, all new contracts with Service Providers (referred to in the law as "Contractors") should contain a sentence that the Contractor will register with and use the E-Verify system to verify the work authorization status of all employees hired after 1/1/2021 and, if applicable require any Subcontractor to do the same.

Additionally, the Pension Fund itself will need to register with E-Verify. Attached is the E-Verify enrollment checklist. Here is a link to enroll on the E-Verify website: https://www.e-verify.gov/employers/enrolling-in-e-verify

Service Providers should be notified of the requirements of the new law by providing a copy of this memo. A sample letter is attached. This memo should be placed on the next available agenda for discussion by the Board.

E-Verify and myE-Verify are Temporarily Unavailable. For more information read our <u>news release (/node/5753)</u>.

ENROLLMENT CHECKLIST

Enrolling in E-Verify is easy. This checklist helps you prepare.

Before you enroll, you must decide:

- Who will electronically sign the <u>E-Verify memorandum of understanding (MOU) (PDF, 92.83 KB)</u> (/sites/default/files/everify/memos/MOUforEVerifyEmployer.pdf) on behalf of your company?
- Which hiring sites will participate in E-Verify?
- If you are a federal contractor with the FAR E-Verify clause, which employees will you verify?
- Which company location(s) will access E-Verify?
- Who in your company will have access to E-Verify?
- Who in your company should be a program administrator?
- Review the system requirements (/employers/enrolling-in-e-verify/system-requirements)

To enroll, you will need to know:

- Contact information for your company's E-Verify memorandum of understanding (MOU) signatory (name, phone number, fax number and e-mail address)
- Company name
- Doing business as' name (optional)
- Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number (optional)
- The physical address of the location from which your company will access E-Verify (including county)
- Company mailing address (if different from the physical address)
- Employer identification number (also called a Federal Tax ID Number)
- Total number of employees for all of your company's hiring sites that will participate in E-Verify (you'll choose from a range of numbers)
- Parent organization (optional)
- Administrator name (E-Verify corporate account) (optional)
- The first three digits of your company's primary North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code (if you don't know it, we'll help you find it when you enroll)
- The number of hiring sites that will participate in E-Verify in each state

For all registered users, you must be ready to provide:

- Name
- Phone Number

- Fax Number (optional)
- Email address

ENROLLING IN E-Verify IS EASY! WANT TO LEARN MORE?

E-Verify ENROLLMENT (/employers/enrolling-in-e-verify)

Last Updated Date: 04/10/2018

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2	An act relating to the verification of employment
3	eligibility; amending s. 288.061, F.S.; prohibiting
4	the approval of certain economic development incentive
5	applications after a specified date; requiring an
б	awardee to repay certain moneys within a specified
7	timeframe under certain circumstances; creating s.
8	448.095, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring public
9	employers, contractors, and subcontractors to register
10	with and use the E-Verify system; prohibiting such
11	entities from entering into a contract unless each
12	party to the contract registers with and uses the E-
13	Verify system; requiring a subcontractor to provide a
14	contractor with a certain affidavit; requiring a
15	contractor to maintain a copy of such affidavit;
16	authorizing the termination of a contract under
17	certain conditions; providing that such termination is
18	not a breach of contract; authorizing a challenge to
19	such termination; providing certain liability for
20	contractors if a contract is terminated; requiring
21	private employers to verify the employment eligibility
22	of newly hired employees beginning on a specified
23	date; providing an exception; providing acceptable
24	methods for verifying employment eligibility;
25	requiring a private employer to maintain certain
26	documentation for a specified time period; providing
27	specified immunity and nonliability for private
28	employers; creating a rebuttable presumption for
29	private employers; requiring private employers to

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2020664er 30 provide copies of certain documentation, upon request, to specified persons and entities for certain 31 purposes; prohibiting specified persons and entities 32 33 from making a determination as to whether a person is 34 an unauthorized alien; requiring a specified affidavit from certain private employers; providing for the 35 suspension or permanent revocation of certain licenses 36 37 under certain circumstances; providing construction; 38 providing an effective date. 39 40 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 41 Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 288.061, Florida 42 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (7), and a new subsection 43 (6) is added to that section to read: 44 45 288.061 Economic development incentive application 46 process.-(6) Beginning July 1, 2020, the executive director may not 47 approve an economic development incentive application unless the 48 application includes proof to the department that the applicant 49 business is registered with and uses the E-Verify system, as 50 defined in s. 448.095, to verify the work authorization status 51 of all newly hired employees. If the department determines that 52 an awardee is not complying with this subsection, the department 53 54 must notify the awardee by certified mail of the department's determination of noncompliance and the awardee's right to appeal 55 the determination. Upon a final determination of noncompliance, 56 the awardee must repay all moneys received as an economic 57 development incentive to the department within 30 days after the 58

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59	final determination.
60	Section 2. Section 448.095, Florida Statutes, is created to
61	read:
62	448.095 Employment eligibility
63	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
64	(a) "Agency" means any agency, department, board, or
65	commission of this state or a county or municipality in this
66	state that issues a license to operate a business in this state.
67	(b) "Contractor" means a person or entity that has entered
68	or is attempting to enter into a contract with a public employer
69	to provide labor, supplies, or services to such employer in
70	exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration.
71	(c) "Department" means the Department of Economic
72	Opportunity.
73	(d) "Employee" means a person filling an authorized and
74	established position who performs labor or services for a public
75	or private employer in exchange for salary, wages, or other
76	remuneration.
77	(e) "E-Verify system" means an Internet-based system
78	operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security
79	that allows participating employers to electronically verify the
80	employment eligibility of newly hired employees.
81	(f) "Legal alien" means a person who is or was lawfully
82	present or permanently residing legally in the United States and
83	allowed to work at the time of employment and remains so
84	throughout the duration of that employment.
85	(g) "License" means a franchise, a permit, a certificate,
86	an approval, a registration, a charter, or any similar form of
87	authorization required by state law and issued by an agency for

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88	the purpose of operating a business in this state. The
89	term includes, but is not limited to:
90	1. An article of incorporation.
91	2. A certificate of partnership, a partnership
92	registration, or an article of organization.
93	3. A grant of authority issued pursuant to state or federal
94	law.
95	4. A transaction privilege tax license.
96	(h) "Private employer" means a person or entity that
97	transacts business in this state, has a license issued by an
98	agency, and employs persons to perform labor or services in this
99	state in exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration. The
100	term does not include:
101	1. A public employer;
102	2. The occupant or owner of a private residence who hires:
103	a. Casual labor, as defined in s. 443.036, to be performed
104	entirely within the private residence; or
105	b. A licensed independent contractor, as defined in federal
106	laws or regulations, to perform a specified portion of labor or
107	services; or
108	3. An employee leasing company licensed under part XI of
109	chapter 468 that enters into a written agreement or
110	understanding with a client company which places the primary
111	obligation for compliance with this section upon the client
112	company. In the absence of a written agreement or understanding,
113	the employee leasing company is responsible for compliance with
114	this section. Such employee leasing company shall, at all times,
115	remain an employer as otherwise defined in federal laws or
116	regulations.

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117	(i) "Public employer" means an entity within state,
118	regional, county, local, or municipal government, whether
119	executive, judicial, or legislative, or any public school,
120	community college, or state university that employs persons who
121	perform labor or services for that employer in exchange for
122	salary, wages, or other remuneration or that enters or attempts
123	to enter into a contract with a contractor.
124	(j) "Subcontractor" means a person or entity that
125	provides labor, supplies, or services to or for a contractor
126	or another subcontractor in exchange for salary, wages, or
127	other remuneration.
128	(k) "Unauthorized alien" means a person who is not
129	authorized under federal law to be employed in the United
130	States, as described in 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a(h)(3). The term shall
131	be interpreted consistently with that section and any
132	applicable federal rules or regulations.
133	(2) PUBLIC EMPLOYERS, CONTRACTORS, AND SUBCONTRACTORS
134	(a) Beginning January 1, 2021, every public employer,
135	contractor, and subcontractor shall register with and use the
136	E-Verify system to verify the work authorization status of all
137	newly hired employees. A public employer, contractor, or
138	subcontractor may not enter into a contract unless each party
139	to the contract registers with and uses the E-Verify system.
140	(b)1. If a contractor enters into a contract with a
141	subcontractor, the subcontractor must provide the contractor
142	with an affidavit stating that the subcontractor does not
143	employ, contract with, or subcontract with an unauthorized
144	alien.
145	2. The contractor shall maintain a copy of such affidavit

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2020664er 146 for the duration of the contract. (c)1. A public employer, contractor, or subcontractor who 147 148 has a good faith belief that a person or entity with which it is 149 contracting has knowingly violated s. 448.09(1) shall terminate 150 the contract with the person or entity. 2. A public employer that has a good faith belief that a 151 subcontractor knowingly violated this subsection, but the 152 contractor otherwise complied with this subsection, shall 153 promptly notify the contractor and order the contractor to 154 immediately terminate the contract with the subcontractor. 155 3. A contract terminated under subparagraph 1. or 156 subparagraph 2. is not a breach of contract and may not be 157 considered as such. 158 (d) A public employer, contractor, or subcontractor may 159 file an action with a circuit or county court to challenge a 160 termination under paragraph (c) no later than 20 calendar days 161 after the date on which the contract was terminated. 162 (e) If a public employer terminates a contract with a 163 contractor under paragraph (c), the contractor may not be 164 awarded a public contract for at least 1 year after the date on 165 which the contract was terminated. 166 (f) A contractor is liable for any additional costs 167 incurred by a public employer as a result of the termination of 168 a contract. 169 170 (3) PRIVATE EMPLOYERS.-(a) Beginning January 1, 2021, a private employer shall, 171 172 after making an offer of employment which has been accepted by a 173 person, verify such person's employment eligibility. A private employer is not required to verify the employment eligibility of 174

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175	a continuing employee hired before January 1, 2021. However, if a
176	person is a contract employee retained by a private employer, the
177	private employer must verify the employee's employment eligibility
178	upon the renewal or extension of his or her
179	contract.
180	(b) A private employer shall verify a person's employment
181	eligibility by:
182	1. Using the E-Verify system; or
183	2. Requiring the person to provide the same documentation
184	that is required by the United States Citizenship and
185	Immigration Services on its Employment Eligibility Verification
186	form (Form I-9).
187	
188	The private employer must retain a copy of the documentation
189	provided under this subparagraph for at least 3 years after the
190	person's initial date of employment.
191	(c) A private employer that complies with this subsection
192	may not be held civilly or criminally liable under state law for
193	hiring, continuing to employ, or refusing to hire an
194	unauthorized alien if the information obtained under paragraph
195	(b) indicates that the person's work authorization status was
196	not that of an unauthorized alien.
197	(d) For purposes of this subsection, compliance with
198	paragraph (b) creates a rebuttable presumption that a private
199	employer did not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien in
200	violation of s. 448.09(1).
201	(e) For the purpose of enforcement of this section, the
202	following persons or entities may request, and a private
203	employer must provide, copies of any documentation relied upon

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204	by the private employer for the verification of a person's
205	employment eligibility, including, but not limited to, any
206	documentation required under paragraph (b):
207	1. The Department of Law Enforcement.
208	2. The Attorney General.
209	3. The state attorney.
210	4. The statewide prosecutor.
211	
212	<u>A person or entity that makes a request under this paragraph</u>
213	must rely upon the federal government to verify a person's
214	employment eligibility and may not independently make a final
215	determination as to whether a person is an unauthorized alien.
216	(f) If a private employer does not comply with paragraph
217	(b), the department shall require the private employer to
218	provide an affidavit to the department stating that the private
219	employer will comply with paragraph (b), the private employer
220	has terminated the employment of all unauthorized aliens in this
221	state, and the employer will not intentionally or knowingly
222	employ an unauthorized alien in this state. If the private
223	employer does not provide the required affidavit within 30 days
224	after the department's request, the appropriate licensing agency
225	shall suspend all applicable licenses held by the private
226	employer until the private employer provides the department with
227	the required affidavit. For purposes of this paragraph, the
228	licenses that are subject to suspension under this paragraph are
229	all licenses that are held by the private employer specific to
230	the business location where the unauthorized alien performed
231	work. If the private employer does not hold a license specific
232	to the business location where the unauthorized alien performed

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2020664er work, but a license is necessary to operate the private 233 employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject to 234 suspension under this paragraph are all licenses that are held by 235 the private employer at the private employer's primary place of 236 business. 237 (g) For any private employer found to have violated 238 paragraph (f) three times within any 36 month period, the 239 appropriate licensing agency shall permanently revoke all 240 licenses that are held by the private employer specific to the 241 business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. 242 If the private employer does not hold a license specific to the 243 business location where the unauthorized alien performed work, 244 but a license is necessary to operate the private employer's 245 business in general, the appropriate licensing agency shall 246 permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the private 247 employer at the private employer's primary place of business. 248 (4) CONSTRUCTION.-This section shall be enforced without 249 regard to race, color, or national origin and shall be construed 250 in a manner so as to be fully consistent with any applicable 251 federal laws or regulations. 252 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. 253

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